ALL SAINTS UPTON PROGRESSION GRID – R.E.

| SKILLS | | Beliefs and Values (B & V) | Living Religious Traditions (LRT) | Shared Human Experiences (SHE) | Search for Personal Meaning (SPM) |
|------------------------|--------|---|---|---|---|
| | | knowing about and understanding religions and worldviews | | communicating ideas related to religions and | |
| | | | | worldviews | |
| YEAR 1 | | retell and suggest meanings for | identify and describe how religion | identify things that influence a | ask relevant questions |
| What do | | religious stories and/or beliefs use some religious words and | is expressed in different wayssuggest the symbolic meaning of | person's sense of identity and belonging | talk about their own identity and values |
| people say | | phrases when talking about beliefs | imagery and actions | Scionging | vardes |
| | | and values | | | |
| about God? | | | | | |
| content (Christianity) | Church | know that some Christians welcome babies into the God's family (the Church) with baptism ceremonies talk about what it might mean to belong to the Church family | identify features of baptism – eg. the font, candles, godparents talk about why parents might want to have their child baptised | talk about what is means to belong to a family talk about the role of families in raising children | talk about their own identity as part of a family and part of the school community |
| | Jesus | know a simple version of the nativity story talk about why Christians would say that Jesus is a special baby talk about how different characters in the nativity welcome the baby Jesus | identify religious aspects of Christmas celebrations talk about why Christmas is a special time for Christians | consider how and why babies might be special – and why they need love and care talk about the importance of looking after those who cannot help themselves | talk about their own beginnings and how they were welcomed into the family reflect on who has helped them in life so far |
| | ро | know that Christians refer to God as 'Father' talk about why Christians might compare God to a loving parent | talk about how and why Christians might want to talk to God (prayer) suggest symbolic meanings of rituals and items used in Christian prayer | talk about the importance of love in families talk about the ways in which they are cared for and supported by family members | reflect on their own role within the family discuss who they can talk to when they are happy/sad/worried |

| content (Islam) | know that Muslims believe in one God (Allah) know that Muslims believe the world was created by God talk about why Muslims might value the natural world | know that Islam teaches that humans should be caretakers (stewards/Khalifahs) of the planet suggest how Muslims might show respect for God by caring for the natural world | talk about their own experiences and feelings about the natural world and what they have noticed about the way that humans treat it | reflect on how they treat the natural world – and if they have a duty to look after it |
|---------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| content (Hindu Dharma) | know that Hindus believe in one God in many forms know that Hindus believe that God is present in all living things suggest what Hindus might learn about God from the story of the blind men and the elephant | talk about how and why Hindus might use statues and images (murtis) in their worship suggest symbolic meanings expressed in the images | talk about the different ways that people can be seen and described consider how people might have multiple roles | reflect on how others might see them talk about the different roles that they might have (friend, child, brother/sister etc.) |
| content (Judaism) | Give an example of a key belief (ie. that Jews believe in one God) and/or a religious story (the story of Noah and/or Abraham) Give an example of a core value or commitment (trusting that God will keep his promise) | Use some religious words and phrases to recognise and name features of religious traditions (eg. Sukkot, festival) Talk about the way that religious beliefs might influence the way a person behaves (eg. like Noah and Abraham, Jewish people should trust that God keeps his promises) | Notice and show curiosity about people and how they live their lives (finding out about Jewish festivals – thinking about the fact that people celebrate different celebrations in very different ways – eg. Sukkot) Notice that for many people, trust is an important part of human life | Ask questions (about the importance of trust and who they can trust/rely on in their own lives) |